

Arabic

The list of topics is indicative only (as typically encountered at those levels) to help prospective students select the most appropriate course. When topics and grammar points appear under several levels, they will be either a revision and/or more in-depth study of the topic/grammar area. Most grammar structures and vocabulary items are of course encountered again and often reinforced in subsequent levels.

Accelerator	Progression	Development	Typical topics	Grammar
Stage 1 (continued next page)	Beginners (continued next page)	Step 1	<p>The alphabet (please note that, due to the nature of the language, there is an emphasis on learning and practising the alphabet in the early stages of the course)</p> <p>Greetings Introductions The family Where you live Work, professions Describing things Polite requests Asking questions Cities, towns Directions Countries and nationalities Numbers (1 to 10) and counting Phone number and addresses</p>	<p>Short vowels and end markers Long vowels Sun letter and moon letters Putting words together Joining letters with one-way connectors Using the three singular pronouns (أنا – أنت – أنتِ) Masculine and Feminine – “Ta marbuta” ة Third person singular pronouns (هو - هي) Demonstrative pronouns (هذا - هذه) Plural of Masculine and Feminine nouns Plural with numbers Plural pronouns (هن - هم - نحن) Noun-Adjective agreement Using “al” ال Possessive ending (attached pronouns) Yes/No questions Where (أين) Using prepositions of places (على – تحت – بين – في – فوق - بجانب) “Idafa” construction. Using (هناك – ليس هناك - لكن) Adjectives “Nisba” Adjectives Dual in Arabic Using How Many? (كم)</p>

Stage 1 (continued)	Beginners (continued)	Step 2	Shopping, money Describing what you have using ل - عند مع - Colours School At the grocer's, food, dishes At the restaurant Talking about the past The weather Numbers (10 to 100) Holidays Writing emails and postcards	Using (بكم) Broken Plural – Pattern 1 & 2 Demonstrative Pronoun (هؤلاء) Word Roots Noun and colour agreement Group words plural Plural of place words Joining sentences together Past verbs (singular and plural) Broken plural, Pattern 3 & 4
	Elementary	Step 1	Telling the time, time phrases Meals of the day Transport Everyday actions Days of the week Renting a car Comparing past & present Writing emails Education	Past verbs Types of plurals Noun – Adjective agreement Questions of time Present tense of verbs Negation of verbs in the present Comparative and superlative adjectives Attached pronouns with لكن The verb كان Weak verbs Hollow verbs Defective verbs Using “from ... until” Broken Plural
		Step 2	Business & Politics Months of the year Making plans Shopping Travelling, holidays, weekends Activities Arabic dialects	Plural pattern 5 Hamza as a root letter Word order and verbs Negating past verbs More about Idafa الإضافة Prefixes in Arabic words Adverbs of time Future tense

Stage 2 (continued next page)	Lower Intermediate	Step 1	<p>Greetings and personal information Professions, CVs Family members Characters Childhood Inside the house, housework Renting a house Daily routine Sport and leisure Preferences Giving reasons Saudi dialect</p>	<p>How to form nisba adjectives النسبة Interrogative words: كَيْفَ, أَيْنَ, كَيْفَ, مَا / ماذا Interrogatives: ما / ماذا ؟..... أ / هَلْ : Question particle for yes/no questions Pronouns Adjectives إِنَّ-لَكِنَّ (Inna wa/lakinna) Connectors: أمَّا amm لذلك lidhalik Making words plural: Sound external, broken internal and collective Verb to work يعمل Plural or professions Present verb المضارع Liana لأن /bisabab بسبب Connecting words and phrases Kamma anna كما أَنَّ Verbal nouns and participles به المفعول و الفاعل المصدر</p>
		Step 2	<p>Moroccan & Tunisian dialects Lebanon's facts and culture Ramadan Places in a town, directions Transport Feelings The past, order of events Food and drink, cooking, recipes Going to the restaurant, menus, dishes Shopping Measures Giving opinions Future plans</p>	<p>Adjectives, verbs and nouns Prepositions of place and movement Question Words Imperative الأمر Past verbs الماضي الفعل Past verb negative: لم (lam) + Present verb Interrogative form السؤال صيغة Plural of شخص Forms of the verb المزيد لفعل Prepositions</p>

Stage 2 (continued)	Intermediate	Step 1	<p>Iraqi dialect and culture Listening and Understanding Tamazight language Algeria dialect and culture The Gulf and Yemen culture Clothes and accessories Numbers and prices Colours School, university, education Likes and dislikes Feelings: positive/negative Reading and writing a letter Asking for advice Giving and understanding instructions Expressing opinion News and media The environment</p>	<p>Verbs Nouns Adjectives, gender Prepositions Interrogative pronouns Identifying relative pronouns الملاتي التي لذين الذي Doubled verbs المضاعف الفعل Add ta marbuta ة describing feminine or plural Arabic roots د / ر / س / ل / ع and م / ل / ع Weak verbs المعتل الفعل Imperative for instructions: الأوامر إصدار Negative instruction with لا Comparatives بينما / أفضل Case endings The future المستقبل, making a future negative</p>
		Step 2	<p>Possibilities Processes Health & Illness Past habits Films, theatre</p>	<p>Future + (so) ف / past + (if) إن / إذا Passive verbs The imperative Demonstratives Verb يستمع بي Modal verbs Future tense Past tense Kan/ كان Interrogatives</p>